**Words 1**

Read and match.

|  |
| --- |
| armor uniform soldiers treasure archaeologist jade army tomb |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

**Words 2**

Listen, look, and match.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

**Read 1**

Read and complete.

|  |
| --- |
| **The First Emperor of China**  The first person to rule all of China more than 2,000 years ago was called Qin Shi Huang. He came to power after many long battles between different generals. He didn’t rule for a long time, but made many changes to China.  Qin was a strong ruler. He had lots of soldiers in his army and used them to keep peasants under control. He continued to build the Great Wall of China and started to build many roads. He hoped to help his country. He said, “A thousand may die so that a million may live.”  The emperor was also very rich. He had many palaces and lots of treasure. He planned to have the greatest tomb of all time. Near his tomb, archaeologists found over 6,000 clay soldiers dressed in armor with their weapons ready! |

|  |
| --- |
| tomb battles palaces generals army armor archaeologists  rule peasants soldiers |

**The First Emperor of China**  
  
The first person to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all of China more than 2,000 years ago was called Qin Shi Huang. He came to power after many long \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between different \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . He didn't rule for a long time, but made many changes to China.  
  
Qin was a strong ruler. He had lots of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and used them to keep \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ under control. He continued to build the Great Wall of China and started to build many roads. He hoped to help his country. He said, "A thousand may die so that a million may live."  
  
The emperor was also very rich. He had many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and lots of treasure. He planned to have the greatest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of all time. Near his tomb, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ found over 6,000 clay soldiers dressed in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with their weapons ready!

**Read 2**

Read and complete.

|  |
| --- |
| **The First Emperor of China**  The first person to rule all of China more than 2,000 years ago was called Qin Shi Huang. He came to power after many long battles between different generals. He didn’t rule for a long time, but made many changes to China.  Qin was a strong ruler. He had lots of soldiers in his army and used them to keep peasants under control. He continued to build the Great Wall of China and started to build many roads. He hoped to help his country. He said, “A thousand may die so that a million may live.”  The emperor was also very rich. He had many palaces and lots of treasure. He planned to have the greatest tomb of all time. Near his tomb, archaeologists found over 6,000 clay soldiers dressed in armor with their weapons ready! |

1.  Qin became the ruler of China after many generals / emperors / soldiers / battles .

2.  He had lots of treasure / tombs / emperors / soldiers in his army, and he used them to control peasants.

3.  The emperor was rich. He had a lot of treasure / tombs / archaeologists / battle.

4.  Before he died, Qin built a very large peasant / battles / armor / tomb.

5.  Near his tomb, there were over 6,000 clay soldiers dressed in treasure / archaeologists / jade / uniform and carrying weapons.

6.  The first general / emperor / battle / soldier of China didn’t rule for very long, but he made some very big changes.

**Read 3**

Read and match.

|  |
| --- |
| You should visit the great tomb of the first emperor of China.  The emperor’s palace was magnificent and beautiful.  Qin had lots of soldiers in his army.  The tomb was dark and scary.  Everyone should be able to see the clay soldiers.  The clay soldiers look like they are ready to fight.  The emperor’s tomb should be open to everyone.  Qin was very rich and had many palaces.  The first emperor was very strong. |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Persuade** | **Inform** | **Entertain** |
|  |  |  |

**Grammar in Use 1**

 Read and match.

|  |
| --- |
| to create a special varnish to brush over painted figures. to make a clay army.  to see the terra-cotta army. to keep the tomb closed.  to study for my history test. to come to class on time. to make me a cake. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. The Chinese emperor decided |  |
| 2. Scientists are trying |  |
| 3. The Chinese government plans |  |
| 4. My mom promised |  |
| 5. The students promised |  |
| 6. Oh no! I forgot |  |
| 7. Lots of tourists come |  |
| 1. The Chinese emperor decided |  |

**Grammar in Use 2**

Look, read, and choose.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. He didn’t expect found / find / finding / to find so much treasure in one place. |  |
| 2. Every one of the terracotta soldiers appears be / was / being / to be different. |  |
| 3. I hope meeting / met / to meet / meet a real archaeologist someday. |  |
| 4. In ancient times many people learned being / to be / be / was soldiers. |  |
| 5. I’m planning to study / studied / study / studying about ancient China. |  |
| 6. The archaeologists seem have / to have / had / having a new terracotta statue to work on. |  |

**Grammar in Use 3**

Read and complete.

|  |
| --- |
| to study to find to write to fight to visit to speak |

1.  Ahmed decided \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a book about the first emperor of China.

2.  Archaeologists certainly didn't expect \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an army of clay soldiers in the tomb.

3.  I'm planning \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ history at the university.

4.  The Chinese army learned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ really well.

5.  I hope \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ China someday.

6.  The ancient Romans didn't learn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English.

**Grammar in Use 4**

Rearrange the words to make sentences.

|  |
| --- |
| my teacher seemed with my really happy to be test results |

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

|  |
| --- |
| we agreed all our homework to do |

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

|  |
| --- |
| expect we didn’t test today a history to have |

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ !

|  |
| --- |
| my homework on Saturday evening to do I decided |

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

|  |
| --- |
| here to get expected much earlier sorry, I |

5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

**Listening**

Listen, read, and choose the correct sentences.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| * Archaeologists discovered an ancient town in Bulgaria that is over 600 years old. * The town had a large stone wall around it to protect it from robbers. * The people from the town made bricks out of salt. * In the past, salt was really cheap. * Now, salt is really expensive. * The houses in the Bulgarian town had two storeys. |  |

**Speaking**

Listen, record Part A or B, then check.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1.What place and time would you like to go back to and visit? |  |
| 2.I’d like to go back to ancient Greece. |  |
| 3.Why would you choose that place? |  |
| 4.I’d like to see all the beautiful buildings in Athens. What about you? |  |
| 5.I’d like to go back to an ancient Maya city. |  |

**Word Study**

Label the picture.

|  |
| --- |
| cyclist cartoonist dentist florist tourist pianist |



|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. |  |
| 2. |  |
| 3. |  |
| 4. |  |
| 5. |  |
| 6. |  |

**Writing Study**

Read and choose.

1.  Archaeologists discover / are discovering / discovers / discovered the tomb ten years ago.

2.  Archaeologists are looking for / look for / looking for / looks for old things in the ground all the time.

3.  I work / works / worked / was working really hard on my history exam last week.

4.  I always works / work / working / am working really hard on my lessons.

5.  The first emperor of China living / lives / to live / lived more than two thousand years ago.

6.  My friend Joe living / live / to live / lives on my street.